



Cambridge IGCSE™

LITERATURE IN ENGLISH

0475/12

Paper 1 Poetry and Prose

February/March 2021

1 hour 30 minutes



You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **two** questions in total:
 - Section A: answer **one** question.
 - Section B: answer **one** question.
- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- All questions are worth equal marks.

This document has **28** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

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Section B: Prose

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SECTION A: POETRY

Answer **one** question from this section.

SONGS OF OURSELVES VOLUME 1: from Part 3

Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.

Either 1 Read this poem, and then answer the question that follows it:

Farmhand

You will see him light a cigarette

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Clear, without fault, of a new tractor engine.

(James K Baxter)

How does Baxter vividly contrast the farmhand's life and his dreams?

5

Or 2 Explore how Smith movingly depicts the life and death of the man in this poem.

Not Waving But Drowning

Nobody heard him, the dead man,
But still he lay moaning:
I was much further out than you thought
And not waving but drowning.

Poor chap, he'd always loved larking
And now he's dead
It must have been too cold for him his heart gave way,
They said.

5

Oh, no no no, it was too cold always
(Still the dead one lay moaning)
I was much too far out all my life
And not waving but drowning.

10

(Stevie Smith)

SONGS OF OURSELVES VOLUME 2: from Part 2

Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.

Either 3 Read this poem, and then answer the question that follows it:

Ode on Melancholy

I	
No, no, go not to Lethe, neither twist	
Wolf's-bane, tight-rooted, for its poisonous wine;	
Nor suffer thy pale forehead to be kiss'd	
By nightshade, ruby grape of Proserpine;	
Make not your rosary of yew-berries,	5
Nor let the beetle, nor the death-moth be	
Your mournful Psyche, nor the downy owl	
A partner in your sorrow's mysteries;	
For shade to shade will come too drowsily,	
And drown the wakeful anguish of the soul.	10
II	
But when the melancholy fit shall fall	
Sudden from heaven like a weeping cloud,	
That fosters the droop-headed flowers all,	
And hides the green hill in an April shroud;	
Then glut thy sorrow on a morning rose,	15
Or on the rainbow of the salt sand-wave,	
Or on the wealth of globed peonies;	
Or if thy mistress some rich anger shows,	
Emprison her soft hand, and let her rave,	
And feed deep, deep upon her peerless eyes.	20
III	
She dwells with Beauty—Beauty that must die;	
And Joy, whose hand is ever at his lips	
Bidding adieu; and aching Pleasure nigh,	
Turning to poison while the bee-mouth sips:	
Ay, in the very temple of Delight	25
Veil'd Melancholy has her sovran shrine,	
Though seen of none save him whose strenuous tongue	
Can burst Joy's grape against his palate fine;	
His soul shall taste the sadness of her might,	
And be among her cloudy trophies hung.	30

(John Keats)

How does Keats strikingly convey feelings of sadness in this poem?

- Or 4 Explore the ways in which Bridges vividly conveys how snow transforms the city in *London Snow*.

London Snow

When men were all asleep the snow came flying,
 In large white flakes falling on the city brown,
 Stealthily and perpetually settling and loosely lying,
 Hushing the latest traffic of the drowsy town;
 Deadening, muffling, stifling its murmurs failing; 5
 Lazily and incessantly floating down and down:
 Silently sifting and veiling road, roof and railing;
 Hiding difference, making unevenness even,
 Into angles and crevices softly drifting and sailing.
 All night it fell, and when full inches seven 10
 It lay in the depth of its uncompacted lightness,
 The clouds blew off from a high and frosty heaven;
 And all woke earlier for the unaccustomed brightness
 Of the winter dawning, the strange unheavenly glare:
 The eye marvelled—marvelled at the dazzling whiteness; 15
 The ear hearkened to the stillness of the solemn air;
 No sound of wheel rumbling nor of foot falling,
 And the busy morning cries came thin and spare.
 Then boys I heard, as they went to school, calling,
 They gathered up the crystal manna to freeze 20
 Their tongues with tasting, their hands with snowballing;
 Or rioted in a drift, plunging up to the knees;
 Or peering up from under the white-mossed wonder,
 ‘O look at the trees!’ they cried, ‘O look at the trees!’
 With lessened load a few carts creak and blunder, 25
 Following along the white deserted way,
 A country company long dispersed asunder:
 When now already the sun, in pale display
 Standing by Paul’s high dome, spread forth below
 His sparkling beams, and awoke the stir of the day. 30
 For now doors open, and war is waged with the snow;
 And trains of sombre men, past tale of number,
 Tread long brown paths, as toward their toil they go:
 But even for them awhile no cares encumber
 Their minds diverted; the daily word is unspoken, 35
 The daily thoughts of labour and sorrow slumber
 At the sight of the beauty that greets them, for the charm they have broken.

(Robert Bridges)

CAROL ANN DUFFY: from *New Selected Poems*

Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.

Either 5 Read this poem, and then answer the question that follows it:

In Mrs Tilscher's Class

You could travel up the Blue Nile with your finger, tracing the route while Mrs Tilscher chanted the scenery. Tana. Ethiopia. Khartoum. Aswan. That for an hour, then a skittle of milk and the chalky Pyramids rubbed into dust. A window opened with a long pole. The laugh of a bell swung by a running child.	5
This was better than home. Enthralling books. The classroom glowed like a sweet shop. Sugar paper. Coloured shapes. Brady and Hindley faded, like the faint, uneasy smudge of a mistake. Mrs Tilscher loved you. Some mornings, you found she'd left a good gold star by your name. The scent of a pencil slowly, carefully, shaved. A xylophone's nonsense heard from another form.	10 15
Over the Easter term, the inky tadpoles changed from commas into exclamation marks. Three frogs hopped in the playground, freed by a dunce, followed by a line of kids, jumping and croaking away from the lunch queue. A rough boy told you how you were born. You kicked him, but stared at your parents, appalled, when you got back home.	20
That feverish July, the air tasted of electricity. A tangible alarm made you always untidy, hot, fractious under the heavy, sexy sky. You asked her how you were born and Mrs Tilscher smiled, then turned away. Reports were handed out. You ran through the gates, impatient to be grown, as the sky split open into a thunderstorm.	25 30

Explore the ways in which Duffy creates memorable impressions of being in Mrs Tilscher's class.

- Or 6 How does Duffy strikingly portray the relationship between the parents and child in *We Remember Your Childhood Well*?

We Remember Your Childhood Well

Nobody hurt you. Nobody turned off the light and argued with somebody else all night. The bad man on the moors was only a movie you saw. Nobody locked the door.

Your questions were answered fully. No. That didn't occur. You couldn't sing anyway, cared less. The moment's a blur, a *Film Fun* laughing itself to death in the coal fire. Anyone's guess.

5

Nobody forced you. You wanted to go that day. Begged. You chose the dress. Here are the pictures, look at you. Look at us all, smiling and waving, younger. The whole thing is inside your head.

What you recall are impressions; we have the facts. We called the tune. The secret police of your childhood were older and wiser than you, bigger than you. Call back the sound of their voices. Boom. Boom. Boom.

10

Nobody sent you away. That was an extra holiday, with people you seemed to like. They were firm, there was nothing to fear. There was none but yourself to blame if it ended in tears.

15

What does it matter now? No, no, nobody left the skidmarks of sin on your soul and laid you wide open for Hell. You were loved. Always. We did what was best. We remember your childhood well.

SECTION B: PROSE

Answer **one** question from this section.

CHARLOTTE BRONTË: *Jane Eyre*

Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.

Either **7** Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

‘I require and charge you both (as ye will answer at the dreadful Day of Judgment, when the secrets of all hearts shall be disclosed), that if either of you know any impediment why ye may not lawfully be joined together in matrimony, ye do now confess it; for be ye well assured that so many as are coupled together otherwise than God’s Word doth allow, are not joined together by God, neither is their matrimony lawful.’

5

He paused, as the custom is. When is the pause after that sentence ever broken by reply? Not, perhaps, once in a hundred years. And the clergyman, who had not lifted his eyes from his book, and had held his breath but for a moment, was proceeding: his hand was already stretched towards Mr Rochester, as his lips unclosed to ask, ‘Wilt thou have this woman for thy wedded wife?’ – when a distinct and near voice said –

10

‘The marriage cannot go on: I declare the existence of an impediment.’

15

The clergyman looked up at the speaker and stood mute; the clerk did the same; Mr Rochester moved slightly, as if an earthquake had rolled under his feet: taking a firmer footing, and not turning his head or eyes, he said, ‘Proceed.’

Profound silence fell when he had uttered that word, with deep but low intonation. Presently Mr Wood said –

20

‘I cannot proceed without some investigation into what has been asserted, and evidence of its truth or falsehood.’

‘The ceremony is quite broken off,’ subjoined the voice behind us. ‘I am in a condition to prove my allegation: an insuperable impediment to this marriage exists.’

25

Mr Rochester heard, but heeded not: he stood stubborn and rigid, making no movement but to possess himself of my hand. What a hot and strong grasp he had! and how like quarried marble was his pale, firm, massive front at this moment! How his eye shone, still watchful, and yet wild beneath!

30

Mr Wood seemed at a loss. ‘What is the nature of the impediment?’ he asked. ‘Perhaps it may be got over – explained away?’

‘Hardly,’ was the answer. ‘I have called it insuperable, and I speak advisedly.’

35

The speaker came forward and leaned on the rails. He continued, uttering each word distinctly, calmly, steadily, but not loudly –

‘It simply consists in the existence of a previous marriage. Mr Rochester has a wife now living.’

My nerves vibrated to those low-spoken words as they had never vibrated to thunder – my blood felt their subtle violence as it had never felt frost or fire; but I was collected, and in no danger of swooning. I looked at Mr Rochester: I made him look at me. His whole face was colourless rock: his eye was both spark and flint. He disavowed nothing: he seemed

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11

as if he would defy all things. Without speaking, without smiling, without seeming to recognise in me a human being, he only twined my waist with his arm and riveted me to his side.

45

(from Chapter 26)

How does Brontë make this such a dramatic moment in the novel?

- Or** **8** Explore the ways in which Brontë makes the friendship between Jane and Helen Burns such a memorable part of the novel.

ANITA DESAI: *In Custody*

Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.

Either 9 Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

His first feeling on turning around at the tap on his shoulder while he was buying cigarettes at the college canteen and seeing his old friend Murad was one of joy so that he gasped 'Murad?

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Then
he swung away with such desperation that he dashed right into a group of
girl students also coming up the stairs and caused much offence, affront,
tittering and giggling which Murad stood and watched with a grin.

(from Chapter 1)

In what ways does Desai make this such a revealing opening to the novel?

Or **10** How does Desai strikingly convey Deven's obsession with Nur and Urdu poetry?

ZORA NEALE HURSTON: *Their Eyes Were Watching God*

Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.

Either 11 Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

Soon after that Tea Cake felt he couldn't walk anymore.

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town somehow.'

'Lemme rest awhile, then us got tuh make it on intuh

(from Chapter 18)

15

In what ways does Hurston make this such a dramatic moment in the novel?

Or **12** Explore how Hurston memorably conveys Janie's marriage to Logan Killicks.

HENRY JAMES: *Washington Square*

Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.

Either 13 Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

‘You said you wouldn’t make a scene!’ cried Morris. ‘I call this a scene.’

‘It’s you that are making it! I have never asked you anything before. We have waited too long already.’ And it was a comfort to her to think that she had hitherto asked so little; it seemed to make her right to insist the greater now.

5

Morris bethought himself a little. ‘Very well, then; we won’t talk about it any more. I will transact my business by letter.’ And he began to smooth his hat, as if to take leave.

‘You won’t go?’ And she stood looking up at him.

10

He could not give up his idea of provoking a quarrel; it was so much the simplest way! He bent his eyes on her upturned face, with the darkest frown he could achieve. ‘You are not discreet. You mustn’t bully me!’

But, as usual, she conceded everything. ‘No, I am not discreet; I know I am too pressing. But isn’t it natural? It is only for a moment.’

15

‘In a moment you may do a great deal of harm. Try and be calmer the next time I come.’

‘When will you come?’

‘Do you want to make conditions?’ Morris asked. ‘I will come next Saturday.’

20

‘Come to-morrow,’ Catherine begged; ‘I want you to come to-morrow. I will be very quiet,’ she added; and her agitation had by this time become so great that the assurance was not unbecoming. A sudden fear had come over her; it was like the solid conjunction of a dozen disembodied doubts, and her imagination, at a single bound, had traversed an enormous distance. All her being, for the moment, centred in the wish to keep him in the room.

25

Morris bent his head and kissed her forehead. ‘When you are quiet, you are perfection,’ he said; ‘but when you are violent, you are not in character.’

30

It was Catherine’s wish that there should be no violence about her save the beating of her heart, which she could not help; and she went on, as gently as possible, ‘Will you promise to come tomorrow?’

‘I said Saturday!’ Morris answered smiling. He tried a frown at one moment, a smile at another; he was at his wit’s end.

35

‘Yes, Saturday too,’ she answered, trying to smile. ‘But tomorrow first.’ He was going to the door, and she went with him, quickly. She leaned her shoulder against it; it seemed to her that she would do anything to keep him.

‘If I am prevented from coming to-morrow, you will say I have deceived you!’ he said.

40

‘How can you be prevented? You can come if you will.’

‘I am a busy man – I am not a dangler!’ cried Morris, sternly.

His voice was so hard and unnatural that, with a helpless look at him, she turned away; and then he quickly laid his hand on the door-knob. He felt as if he were absolutely running away from her. But in an instant she was close to him again, and murmuring in a tone none the less penetrating for being low, ‘Morris, you are going to leave me.’

45

'Yes, for a little while.'
 'For how long?' 50
 'Till you are reasonable again.'
 'I shall never be reasonable in that way!' And she tried to keep him longer; it was almost a struggle. 'Think of what I have done!' she broke out.
 'Morris, I have given up everything!' 55
 'You shall have everything back!' 55
 'You wouldn't say that if you didn't mean something. What is it? – what has happened? – what have I done? – what has changed you?'
 'I will write to you – that is better,' Morris stammered.
 'Ah, you won't come back!' she cried, bursting into tears.
 'Dear Catherine,' he said, 'don't believe that! I promise you that you shall see me again!' And he managed to get away and to close the door behind him. 60

(from Chapter 29)

What does James's writing make you feel about Catherine and Morris at this moment in the novel?

- Or** **14** Explore the ways in which James creates vivid impressions of life in New York for the Slopers.

JOHN KNOWLES: *A Separate Peace*

Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.

Either 15 Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

Far ahead of us four boys, looking like white flags on the endless green playing fields, crossed toward the tennis courts.

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Finny had practically saved my life.

(from Chapter 2)

In what ways does Knowles make this such a memorable moment in the novel?

Or **16** To what extent does Knowles make you like Gene?

Do **not** use the passage printed in **Question 15** in answering this question.

GEORGE ORWELL: 1984

Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.

Either 17 Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

Syme looked up. 'Here comes Parsons,' he said.

Something in the tone of his voice seemed to add, 'that bloody fool.' Parsons, Winston's fellow-tenant at Victory Mansions, was in fact threading his way across the room – a tubby, middle-sized man with fair hair and a froglike face. At thirty-five he was already putting on rolls of fat at neck and waistline, but his movements were brisk and boyish. His whole appearance was that of a little boy grown large, so much so that although he was wearing the regulation overalls, it was almost impossible not to think of him as being dressed in the blue shorts, grey shirt and red neckerchief of the Spies. In visualising him one saw always a picture of dimpled knees and sleeves rolled back from pudgy forearms. Parsons did, indeed, invariably revert to shorts when a community hike or any other physical activity gave him an excuse for doing so. He greeted them both with a cheery 'Hullo, hullo!' and sat down at the table, giving off an intense smell of sweat. Beads of moisture stood out all over his pink face. His powers of sweating were extraordinary. At the Community Centre you could always tell when he had been playing table-tennis by the dampness of the bat handle. Syme had produced a strip of paper on which there was a long column of words, and was studying it with an ink-pencil between his fingers.

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'Look at him working away in the lunch hour,' said Parsons, nudging Winston. 'Keenness, eh? What's that you've got there, old boy? Something a bit too brainy for me, I expect. Smith, old boy, I'll tell you why I'm chasing you. It's that sub you forgot to give me.'

'Which sub is that?' said Winston, automatically feeling for money. About a quarter of one's salary had to be earmarked for voluntary subscriptions, which were so numerous that it was difficult to keep track of them.

25

'For Hate Week. You know – the house-by-house fund. I'm treasurer for our block. We're making an all-out effort – going to put on a tremendous show. I tell you, it won't be my fault if old Victory Mansions doesn't have the biggest outfit of flags in the whole street. Two dollars you promised me.'

30

Winston found and handed over two creased and filthy notes, which Parsons entered in a small notebook, in the neat handwriting of the illiterate.

35

'By the way, old boy,' he said. 'I hear that little beggar of mine let fly at you with his catapult yesterday. I gave him a good dressing-down for it. In fact I told him I'd take the catapult away if he does it again.'

'I think he was a little upset at not going to the execution,' said Winston.

40

'Ah, well – what I mean to say, shows the right spirit, doesn't it? Mischievous little beggars they are, both of them, but talk about keenness! All they think about is the Spies, and the war, of course. D'you know what that little girl of mine did last Saturday, when her troop was on a hike out Berkhamsted way? She got two other girls to go with her, slipped off from the hike and spent the whole afternoon following a strange man. They kept

45

on his tail for two hours, right through the woods, and then, when they got into Amersham, handed him over to the patrols.'

'What did they do that for?' said Winston, somewhat taken aback. 50
Parsons went on triumphantly:

'My kid made sure he was some kind of enemy agent – might have been dropped by parachute, for instance. But here's the point, old boy. What do you think put her onto him in the first place? She spotted he was wearing a funny kind of shoes – said she'd never seen anyone wearing shoes like that before. So the chances were he was a foreigner. Pretty smart for a nipper of seven, eh?' 55

'What happened to the man?' said Winston.

'Ah, that I couldn't say, of course. But I wouldn't be altogether surprised if –' Parsons made the motion of aiming a rifle, and clicked his tongue for the explosion. 60

'Good,' said Syme abstractedly, without looking up from his strip of paper.

'Of course we can't afford to take chances,' agreed Winston dutifully.

'What I mean to say, there is a war on,' said Parsons. 65

(from Part 1)

In what ways does Orwell make this moment in the novel so disturbing?

- Or** **18** Explore the ways in which Orwell strikingly conveys Winston's rebellion against the State.

ALAN PATON: *Cry, the Beloved Country*

Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.

Either 19 Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

There is laughter in the house, the kind of laughter of which one is afraid.

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She sobs too.

(from Book 1 Chapter 6)

How does Paton make this such a striking introduction to Gertrude?

Or **20** Explore the ways in which Paton vividly depicts crime in the novel.

from *Stories of Ourselves*

Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.

- Either 21 Read this passage from *There Will Come Soft Rains* (by Ray Bradbury), and then answer the question that follows it:

A dog whined, shivering, on the front porch.

The front door recognised the dog voice and opened. The dog, once huge and fleshy, but now gone to bone and covered with sores, moved in and through the house, tracking mud. Behind it whirled angry mice, angry at having to pick up mud, angry at inconvenience.

5

For not a leaf fragment blew under the door but what the wall panels flipped open and the copper scrap rats flashed swiftly out. The offending dust, hair, or paper, seized in miniature steel jaws, was raced back to the burrows. There, down tubes which fed into the cellar, it was dropped into the sighing vent of an incinerator which sat like evil Baal in a dark corner.

10

The dog ran upstairs, hysterically yelping to each door, at last realising, as the house realised, that only silence was here.

It sniffed the air and scratched the kitchen door. Behind the door, the stove was making pancakes which filled the house with a rich baked odour and the scent of maple syrup.

15

The dog frothed at the mouth, lying at the door, sniffing, its eyes turned to fire. It ran wildly in circles, biting at its tail, spun in a frenzy, and died. It lay in the parlour for an hour.

Two o'clock, sang a voice.

20

Delicately sensing decay at last, the regiments of mice hummed out as softly as blown gray leaves in an electrical wind.

Two-fifteen.

The dog was gone.

In the cellar, the incinerator glowed suddenly and a whirl of sparks leaped up the chimney.

25

Two thirty-five.

Bridge tables sprouted from patio walls. Playing cards fluttered onto pads in a shower of pips. Martinis manifested on an oaken bench with egg-salad sandwiches. Music played.

30

But the tables were silent and the cards untouched.

At four o'clock the tables folded like great butterflies back through the panelled walls.

Four-thirty.

The nursery walls glowed.

35

Animals took shape: yellow giraffes, blue lions, pink antelopes, lilac panthers cavorting in crystal substance. The walls were glass. They looked out upon colour and fantasy. Hidden films clocked through well-oiled sprockets, and the walls lived. The nursery floor was woven to resemble a crisp, cereal meadow. Over this ran aluminium roaches and iron crickets, and in the hot still air butterflies of delicate red tissue wavered among the sharp aroma of animal spoors! There was the sound like a great matted yellow hive of bees within a dark bellows, the lazy bumble of a purring lion. And there was the patter of okapi feet and the murmur of a fresh jungle rain, like other hoofs, falling upon the summer-starched grass. Now

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45

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the walls dissolved into distances of parched weed, mile on mile, and warm endless sky. The animals drew away into thorn brakes and water holes.

It was the children's hour.

What does Bradbury's writing make you feel as you read this passage?

Or **22** How does MacLaverty make you feel sympathy for the boy in *Secrets*?

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